

# FÖRBIFART – STOCKHOLM BYPASS



## Förbifart Stockholm Bypass, Sweden

21 km long highway as western bypass of Stockholm

### Scope

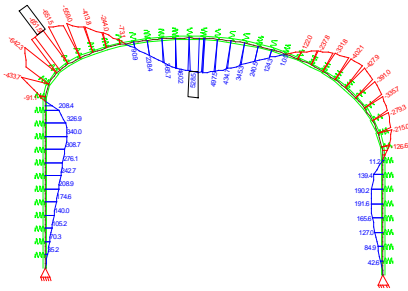
- 17.3 km of tunnels
- 2 tunnel tubes with 3 lanes each
- 3 complete subsurface junctions
- Cross passages every 150 m
- Ventilation shafts
- Subsurface ventilation centre

### Challenges

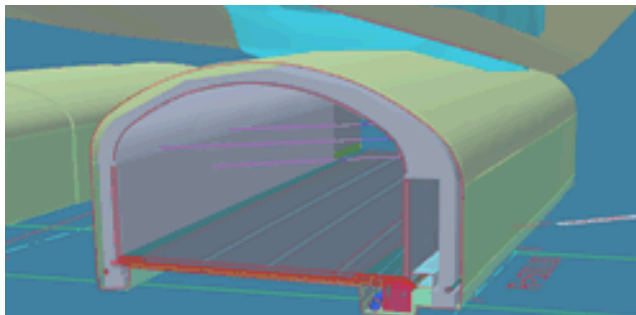
- Hard Scandinavian base rock with covering moraines and soft clay deposits, sensitive to settling
- Large cross-sections, complex geometry in the area of the junctions
- Stringent requirements for the suspended ceiling, in particular in case for the fire loads
- Low coverage in urban area including the under passing of main roads and utilities
- BIM (Building Information Modelling) Project

### Amberg Services

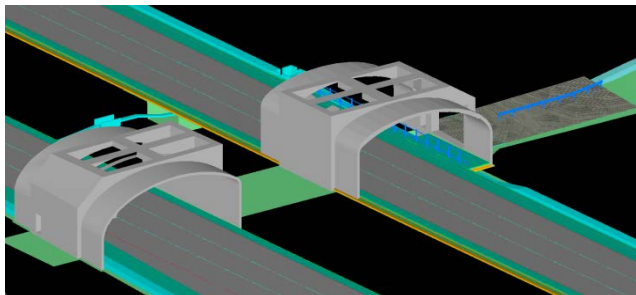
- Consulting for special problems
- Review of the construction project
- Establishment of tender documents
- Establishment of main project
- Client representation at site



■ Deformations expected at Lövstavägen main road



■ Modelling of difficult geometry



■ Modelling of crossing structure

## AMBERG FACTS

### Contracted value Amberg

- Total 3.0 Mio. € (Amberg as subcontractor of AF infrastructure)

### Project Phases & Duration

- Preparation works started 2011
- Project realization started 2015
- Project completion expected 2021

### Project Details

- Planning of heading, reinforcement and lining of under passing of Lövstavägen by means of jet grouting and pipe umbrella. Lower half of profile in Granite/Gneiss, upper half in soft soil
- Development of the project for all areas with low coverage of base rock
- Design and tendering of the suspended ceiling, which defines the driving space and serves as protection against penetrating water in case of fire
- Planning of the ventilation centre in an subsurface cavern, including all concrete works
- Design of the ventilation shafts including lining with cast concrete
- Planning and tendering of the access galleries including verification of required areas for installation of infrastructure
- Client representation at site and review of the design basis in relation to the construction progress

## CLIENT FACTS

### Overall costs

- Total 3.2 billion €

### Overview Project

- 21 km long bypass motorway
- 2 tunnel tubes, 3 lanes each, total 17 km
- Access and ramp tunnels
- All tunnels in urban area

### Geology

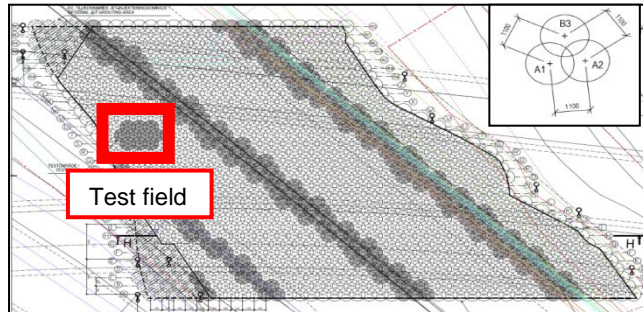
- Bedrock, competent granite
- Above rock surface, covering ground consisting of made ground, soft clay layer and water bearing moraines

### Contact person

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## CHALLENGES



High pressure injections – under passing Lövstavägen

### Jet Grouting in the Area at Lövstavägen Passage

- A Grouting test field has been established for verification of the HDI concept
- Special measures for drilling in areas with utilities (cable ducts, tubes etc.)

### Lövstavägen passage grouting

- Total grouted area 1100 m<sup>2</sup>
- 1070 grouting columns, diam. 1.5 m
- Dense equilateral- triangular grid
- Total grouted length 3600 m
- Total grouted volume 3300 m<sup>3</sup>

## ENGINEERING APPROACH



Pipe umbrella at low rock coverage

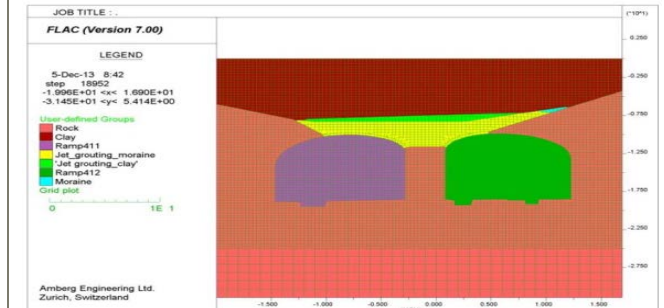
### Pipe Roof Umbrella Ahead of Tunnel Face below Lövstavägen Passage

- Dense pipe roof umbrella to increase stability before excavation

### Lövstavägen pipe roof umbrella

- Diameter 114 mm
- Spacing 33 cm
- Length 15 m, overlap 3 m
- Inclination 4° offset from tunnel axis
- Installation from 10 – 2 o'clock

## TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS



Numerical analysis for design verification

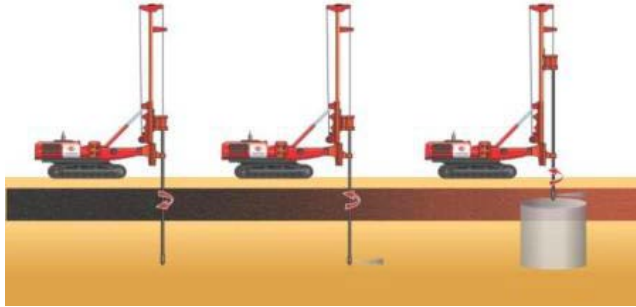
### Verification of Design Concept by Means of Numerical Analysis (FLAC 2D)

- Model calculations (finite difference) incorporating rock parameters and improvements of stability (grouting, pipe umbrella, cast in place lining)
- Examine ground response due to excavation
- Assess deformations around tunnel/on surface
- Obtain lining loads, verification of lining
- Verification of overall tunnel stability

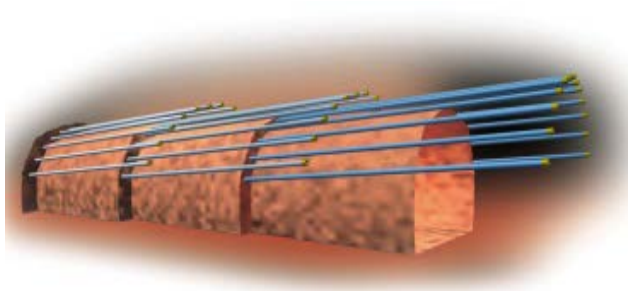
### Modelling Stages

- Application of primary stress state
- Tunnel relaxation (load reduction method)
- Simulation of pipe roof umbrella by means of increase of ground cohesion
- Installation of temporary lining (shotcrete, rock bolts)
- Final tunnel excavation with full ground relaxation)

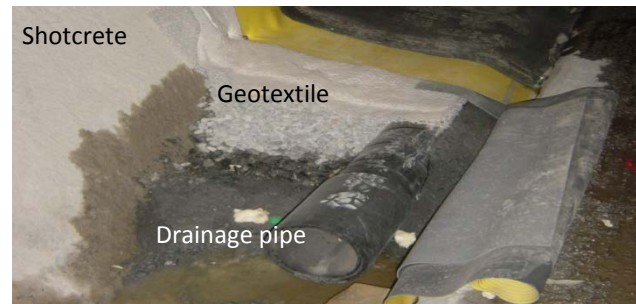
## CHALLENGES



- Jet grouting at surface

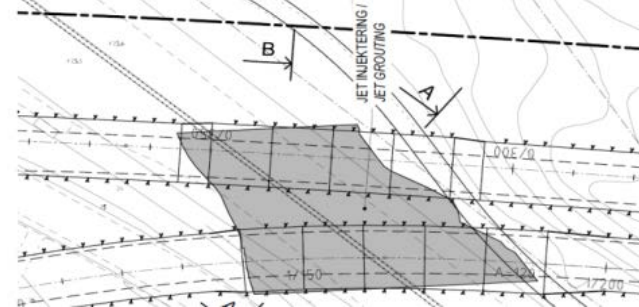


- Pipe roof umbrella ahead of face

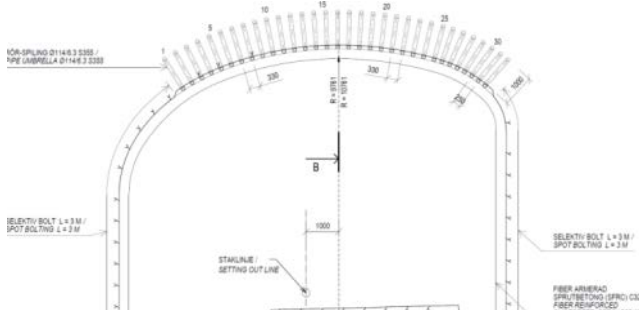


- Reinforcement, lining, sealing & drainage

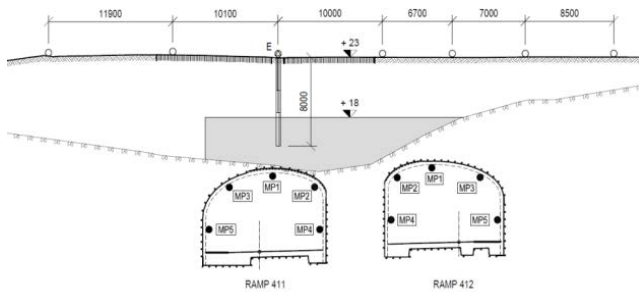
## ENGINEERING APPROACH



- Location of jet grouting at surface

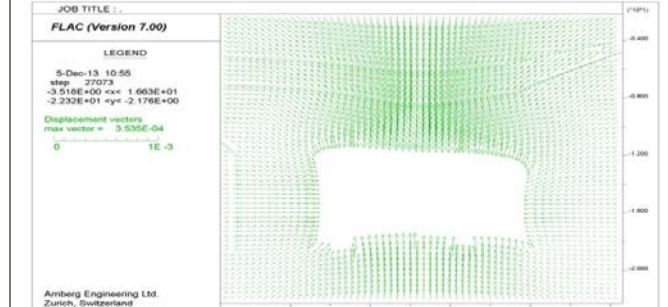


- During excavation application of pipe roof umbrella

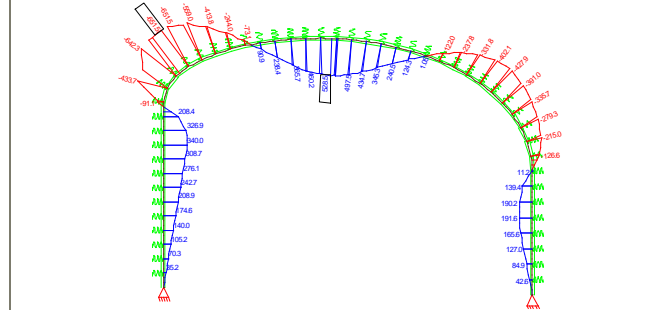


- After excavation, casting vault concrete & sealing

## TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS



- Confirmation of acceptable deformation (< 25 mm)



- Verification of structural capacity, SS EN-1992-1-1

Levels	Zones
Trigger / Green	Normal behaviour
Attention / Amber	Unexpected behaviour
Warning / Red	Definite problems

- Ground control and work supervision